



hCG Card Pregnancy Test

RAPU01C040



History

Resume of change :

Previous Version : 190717-1	Current Version : 230714
Old DiaSource logo	New DiaSource logo on the front page



hCG Card Pregnancy Test

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A rapid test for the qualitative detection of
human chorionic gonadotropin (hCG) in serum/plasma/urine

In vitro diagnostic agent for professional use

RAPU01C040

IN VITRO DIAGNOSTIC

DIAsource ImmunoAssays SA - Rue du Bosquet 2, B-1348 Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium - Tel: +32 10 84 99 11 - Fax : +32 10 84 99 90

INTENDED USE

The DIAsource hCG Cassette is a rapid chromatographic immunoassay for the qualitative detection of human chorionic gonadotropin in serum or plasma or urine to aid in the early detection of pregnancy.

SUMMARY

Human chorionic gonadotropin (hCG) is a glycoprotein hormone produced by the developing placenta shortly after fertilization. In normal pregnancy, hCG can be detected in both urine and serum as early as 7 to 10 days after conception.^{1,2,3,4} hCG levels continue to rise very rapidly, frequently exceeding 100 mIU/mL by the first missed menstrual period^{2,3,4} and peaking in the 100,000-200,000 mIU/mL range about 10-12 weeks into pregnancy. The appearance of hCG in both the urine and serum soon after conception, and its subsequent rapid rise in concentration during early gestational growth, make it an excellent marker for the early detection of pregnancy.

The DIAsource hCG Cassette is a rapid test that qualitatively detects the presence of hCG in urine specimen at the sensitivity of 25 mIU/mL. The test utilizes a combination of monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies to selectively detect elevated levels of hCG in urine. At the level of claimed sensitivity, the DIAsource hCG Cassette shows no cross-reactivity interference from the structurally related glycoprotein hormones hFSH, hLH and hTSH at high physiological levels.

TEST PRINCIPLE

The DIAsource hCG Cassette is a rapid chromatographic immunoassay for the qualitative detection of human chorionic gonadotropin in urine or plasma or serum to aid in the early detection of pregnancy. The test uses two lines to indicate results. The test utilizes a combination of antibodies including a monoclonal hCG antibody to selectively detect elevated levels of hCG. The control line is composed of goat polyclonal antibodies and colloidal gold particles. The assay is conducted by adding urine or plasma or serum specimen to the specimen well, and observing the formation of colored lines. The specimen migrates via capillary action along the membrane to react with the colored conjugate. Positive specimens react with the specific antibody-hCG-colored conjugate to form a colored line at the test line region of the membrane. Absence of this colored line suggests a negative result. To serve as a procedural control, a colored line will always appear in the control line region indicating that proper volume of specimen has been added and membrane wicking has occurred.

PRECAUTIONS

- For professional in vitro diagnostic use only.
- For single use only. Do not reuse.
- All specimens should be considered potentially hazardous and handled in the same manner as an infectious agent.
- The Test Cassette must reach room temperature in order to avoid deactivation of special membrane by condensation from air humidity.
- Do not use if protective pouch is damaged.
- The test should remain in the sealed pouch until ready to use.
- Do not use after the expiration date.
- The used test should be discarded according to local regulations.
- Avoid cross-contamination of specimens by using a new specimen collection container for each specimen obtained.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

Store as packaged at room temperature or refrigerated (2-30°C). The test is stable through the expiration date printed on the label of the sealed pouch. The test must remain in the closed pouch until use.

- **Do not freeze.**
- **Do not use beyond the expiration date.**

MATERIALS PROVIDED

CARD 10 x Test Cassettes

PIPETTE 10 x Droppers (inside pouch)

- Package insert

MATERIALS REQUIRED, BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Specimen collection container
- Timer

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

Urine assay

A urine specimen must be collected in a clean and dry container. A first morning urine specimen is preferred since it generally contains the highest concentration of hCG; however, urine specimens collected at any time of the day may be used. Urine specimens exhibiting visible precipitates should be centrifuged, filtered, or allowed to settle to obtain a clear specimen for testing.

Serum or plasma

Blood should be collected aseptically into a clean tube without anticoagulants (Serum) or with anticoagulants (Plasma). Separate the serum or plasma from blood as soon as possible to avoid hemolysis. Use clear non-hemolyzed specimens when possible.

SPECIMEN STORAGE

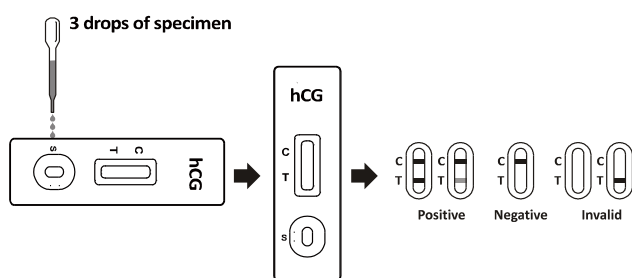
Urine or serum or plasma specimens may be stored at 2-8°C for up to 48 hours prior to testing. For prolonged storage, specimens may be frozen and stored below -20°C. Frozen specimens should be thawed and mixed before testing.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

1. **Bring the pouch to room temperature (15-30°C) before opening it. Remove the test cassette from the sealed pouch and use it within one hour.**
2. Place the cassette on a clean and level surface. Hold the dropper vertically and **transfer 3 full drops** of urine or serum or plasma to the specimen well of the cassette, and then start the timer. Avoid trapping air bubbles in the specimen well.
3. Wait for the colored line(s) to appear. **Read the result at 3 minutes when testing urine specimen, or at 5 minutes when testing a serum or plasma specimen.**

Note: A low hCG concentration might result in a weak line appearing in the test line region (T) after an extended period of time.

Do not interpret the result after 10 minutes.



INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

(Please refer to the illustration above)

POSITIVE: Two distinct colored lines appear. One line should be in the control line region (C) and another line should be in the test line region (T). One line may be lighter than the other; they do not have to match. This means that you are probably pregnant.

NEGATIVE: One colored line appears in the control line region (C). No line appears in the test line region (T). This means that you are probably not pregnant.

INVALID: The result is invalid if no colored line appears in the control line region (C), even if a line appears in the test line region (T). You should repeat the test with a new test cassette.

QUALITY CONTROL

A procedural control is included in the test. A colored line appearing in the control line region (C) is considered an internal procedural control. It confirms sufficient specimen volume and correct procedural technique. A clear background is an internal negative procedural control. If a background color appears in the result window and interferes with the ability to read the test result, the result may be invalid. It is recommended that a positive hCG control (containing 25-250 mIU/mL hCG) and a negative hCG control (containing "0"mIU/mL hCG) be evaluated to verify proper test performance when a new shipment of tests is received.

LIMITATIONS

1. The DIAsource hCG Cassette is a preliminary qualitative test, therefore, neither the quantitative value nor the rate of increase in hCG can be determined by this test.
2. Very diluted urine specimens, as indicated by a low specific gravity, may not contain representative levels of hCG. If pregnancy is still suspected, a first morning urine specimen should be collected 48 hours later and tested.
3. Very low levels of hCG (less than 50mIU/mL) are present in urine specimens shortly after implantation. However, because a significant number of first trimester pregnancies terminate for natural reasons,⁵ a test result that is weakly positive should be confirmed by retesting with a first morning urine specimen collected 48 hours later.
4. This test may produce false positive results. A number of conditions other than pregnancy, including trophoblastic disease and certain non-trophoblastic neoplasms including testicular tumors, prostate cancer, breast cancer, and lung cancer, cause elevated levels of hCG.^{6,7} Therefore, the presence of hCG in urine should not be used to diagnose pregnancy unless these conditions have been ruled out.
5. This test may produce false negative results. False negative results may occur when the levels of hCG are below the sensitivity level of the test. When pregnancy is still suspected, a first morning urine specimen should be collected 48 hours later and tested. In case pregnancy is suspected and the test continues to produce negative results, see a physician for further diagnosis.
6. This test provides a presumptive diagnosis for pregnancy. A confirmed pregnancy diagnosis should only be made by a physician after all clinical and laboratory findings have been evaluated.

EXPECTED VALUE

Negative results are expected in healthy non-pregnant women and healthy men. Healthy pregnant women have hCG present in their urine specimens. The amount of hCG will vary greatly with gestational age and between individuals. The DIAsource hCG Cassette for urine has a sensitivity of 25 mIU/mL, and is capable of detecting pregnancy as early as 1 day after the first missed menses.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Accuracy

A multi-center clinical evaluation was conducted comparing the results obtained using the DIAsource hCG Cassette to another commercially available urine hCG Rapid test. The urine study included 608 specimens, and both assays identified 377 negative and 231 positive results. The serum or plasma study included 308 specimens, and both assays identified 240 negative and 68 positive results. The results demonstrated >99% overall accuracy of the DIAsource hCG Cassette when compared to the other urine and serum or plasma hCG Rapid Test.

hCG Reference Method (Urine)				
Method		Other hCG Rapid Test (urine)		Total Results
DIAsource hCG Cassette	Results	Positive	Negative	
	Positive	231	0	231
	Negative	0	377	377
Total Results		231	377	608

Sensitivity: >99.9% (98.7%~100%)*

Specificity: >99.9%(99.2%~100%)*

Accuracy: >99.9 % (99.5%~100%) * * 95% Confidence Intervals

hCG Reference Method(Serum or Plasma)				
Method		Other hCG Rapid Test (serum/plamsa)		Total Results
DIAsource hCG Cassette	Results	Positive	Negative	
	Positive	68	0	68
	Negative	0	240	240
Total Results		68	240	308

Sensitivity: >99.9% (95.7%~100%)*
 Specificity: >99.9%(98.8%~100%)*
 Accuracy: >99.9 % (99.0%~100%) * * 95% Confidence Intervals

Tests were performed with serum and found to be positive or negative as reported. Plasma specimens from the same individuals were tested with The hCG Pregnancy Rapid Test Cassette to validate the efficacy with plasma specimens.

Sensitivity and Cross-Reactivity

The hCG Cassette detects hCG at a concentration of 25 mIU/mL or higher. The test has been standardized to the W.H.O. International Standard. The addition of LH (300 mIU/mL), FSH (1,000 mIU/mL), and TSH (1,000 µIU/mL) to negative (0 mIU/mL hCG) and positive (25 mIU/mL hCG) specimens showed no cross-reactivity.

PRECISION

Intra-Assay

Within-run precision has been determined by using 10 replicates of four specimens containing 25 mIU/mL,100 mIU/mL, 250 mIU/mL and 0 mIU/mL of hCG. The negative and positive values were correctly identified 100% of the time.

Inter-Assay

Between-run precision has been determined by using the same four specimens of 25 mIU/ml,100 mIU/ml,250mIU/ml and 0 mIU/ml of HCG in 10 independent assays. Three different lots of the hCG Cassette have been tested. The specimens were correctly identified 100% of the time.





Interfering Substance





The following potentially interfering substances were added to hCG negative and positive specimens. None of the substances at the concentration tested interfered in the assay.





Acetaminophene	20mg/dL	Atropine	20mg/dL	Gentesin acid	20mg/dL
Acetylsalicylic acid	20mg/dL	Bilirubine	2mg/dL	Glucose	2g/dL
Ascorbic acid	20mg/dL	Caffeine	20mg/dL	Hemoglobine	1mg/dL
Bilirubin (serum or plasma)	40mg/dl	Triglycerides (serum or plasma)	1,200mg/dl		

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	Attention, see instructions for use
	For in vitro diagnostic use only
	Store between 2-30°C
	Do not use if package is damaged

	Tests per kit
	Use by
	Lot Number
	Manufacturer

	Authorized Representative
	Do not reuse
	Catalog #
	Consult Instructions for Use

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